



US009076415B2

(12) **United States Patent**
Allen

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 9,076,415 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Jul. 7, 2015**

(54) **MUSICAL PERCUSSION SUPPORT STANDS HAVING THREE SUPPORTING CONTACT POINTS AND RELATED SYSTEMS AND METHODS**

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

USPC 84/422.3
See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

In some aspects, a hi-hat musical cymbal set support stand includes a vertical stand tube defining a stand axis, and three support members associated with a lower end of the stand tube and disposed in a tripod arrangement for supporting engagement of the stand upon a supporting surface. Each supporting member defines a contact point with the supporting surface, and the three supporting members supporting the lower end of the stand tube in a position spaced apart from the supporting floor surface. At least one of the three supporting members includes a foot pedal cymbal operating device having an outward heel end defining one of the three contact points and an inward toe end suspended from the lower end of the stand tube, the heel end being disposed in engagement with the supporting surface, and the toe end being spaced from contact with the supporting surface.

8 Claims, 13 Drawing Sheets

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **14/355,073**

(22) PCT Filed: **Nov. 28, 2012**

(86) PCT No.: **PCT/US2012/066758**

§ 371 (c)(1),

(2) Date: **Apr. 29, 2014**

(87) PCT Pub. No.: **WO2013/082085**

PCT Pub. Date: **Jun. 6, 2013**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2014/0298972 A1 Oct. 9, 2014

Related U.S. Application Data

(60) Provisional application No. 61/727,153, filed on Nov. 16, 2012, provisional application No. 61/564,897, filed on Nov. 30, 2011.

(51) **Int. Cl.**

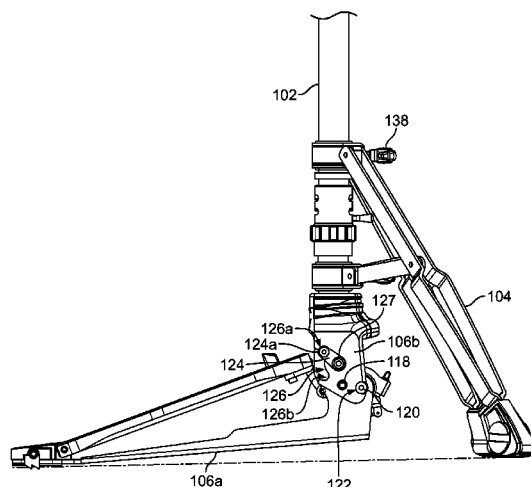
G10D 13/02 (2006.01)

G10G 5/00 (2006.01)

G10D 13/06 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC **G10G 5/005** (2013.01); **G10D 13/026** (2013.01); **G10D 13/065** (2013.01)



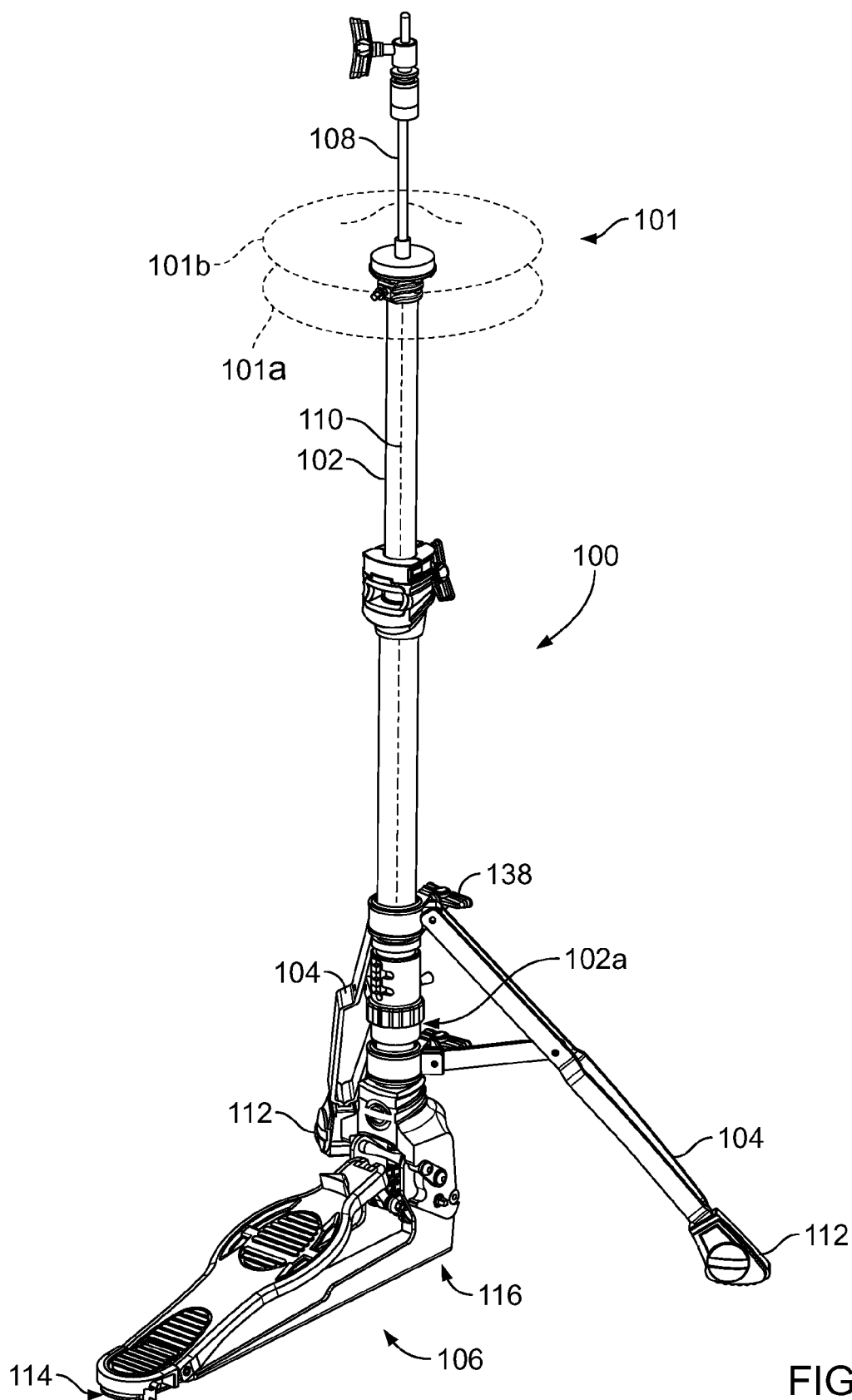


FIG. 1

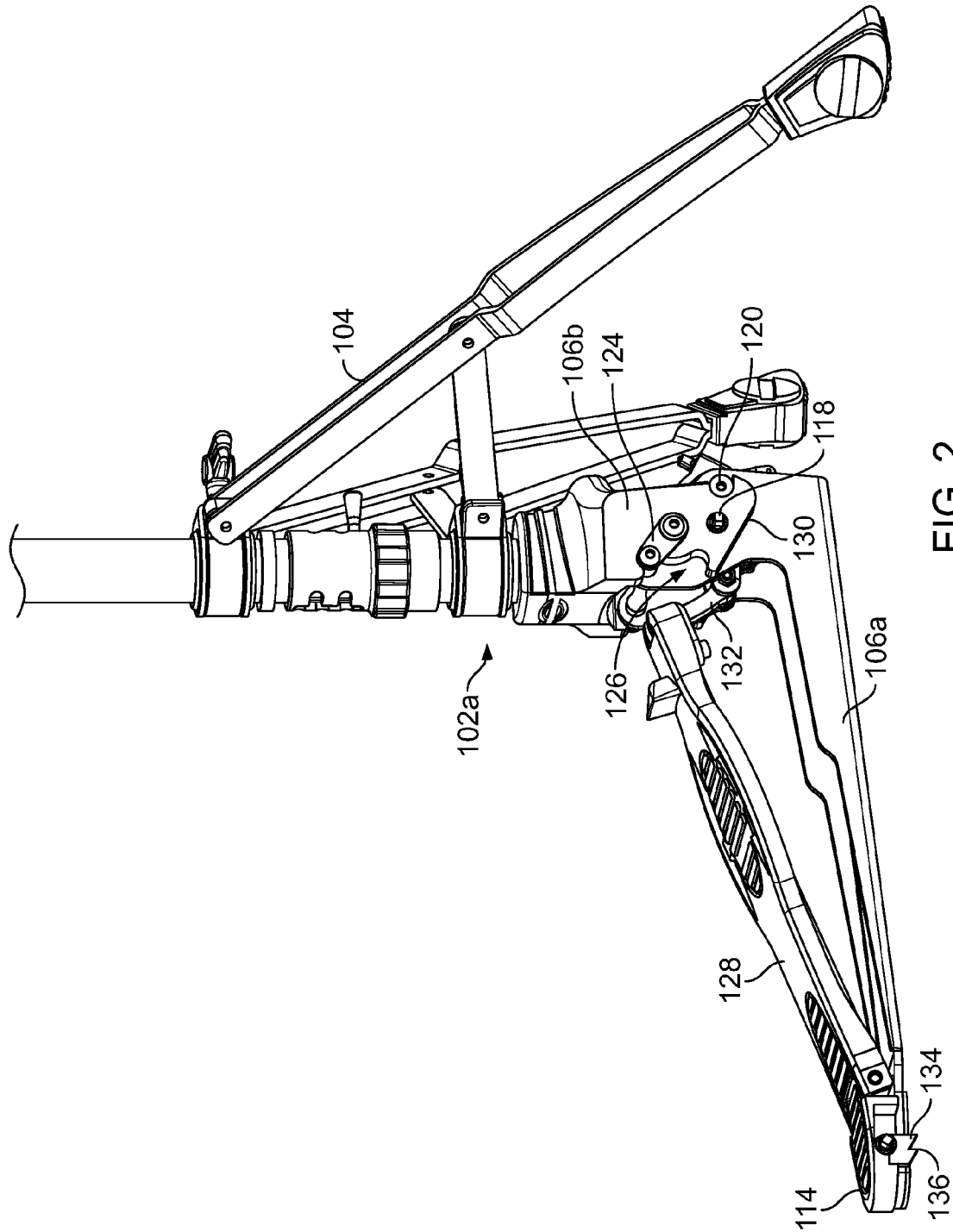


FIG. 2

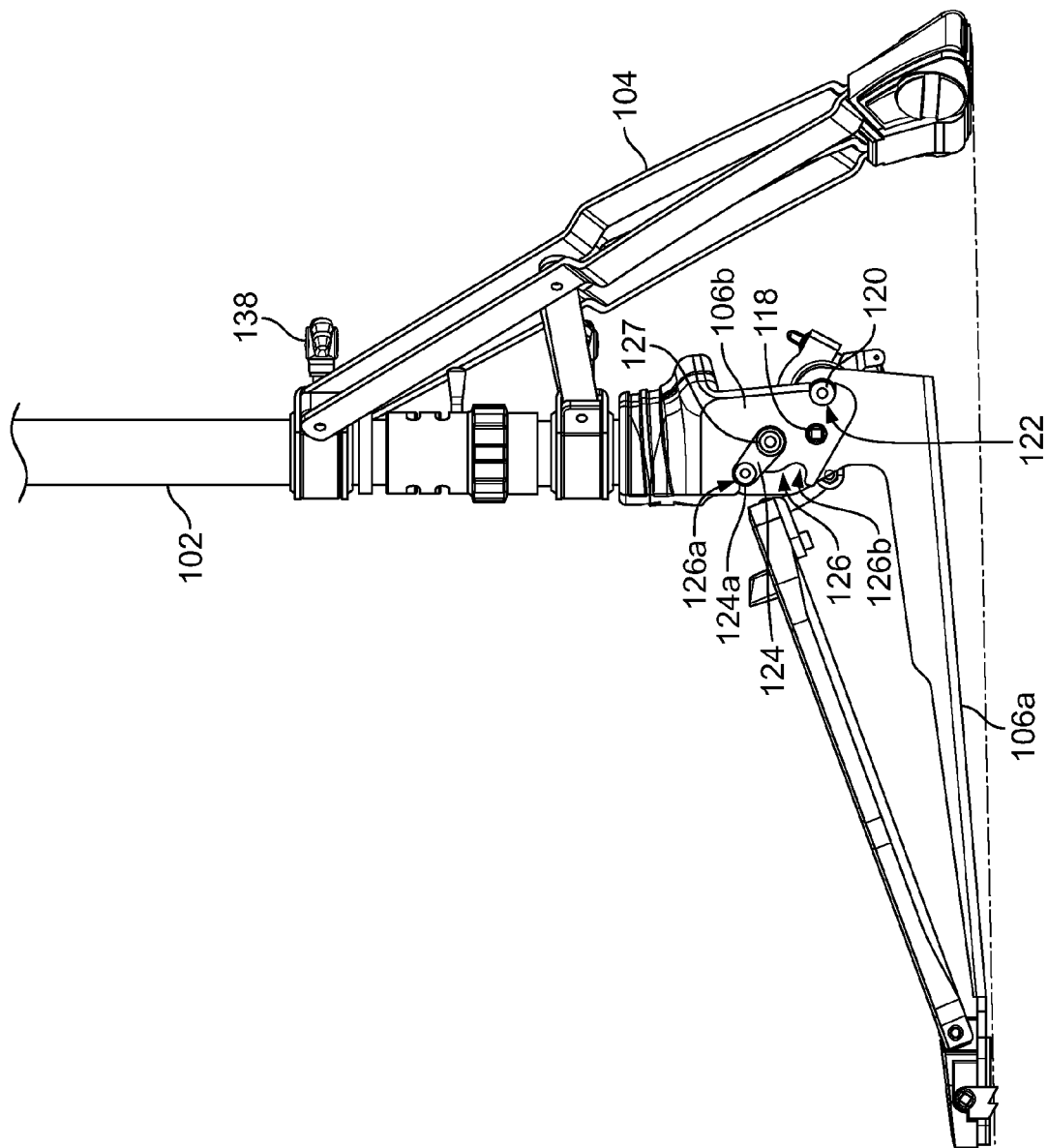


FIG. 3A

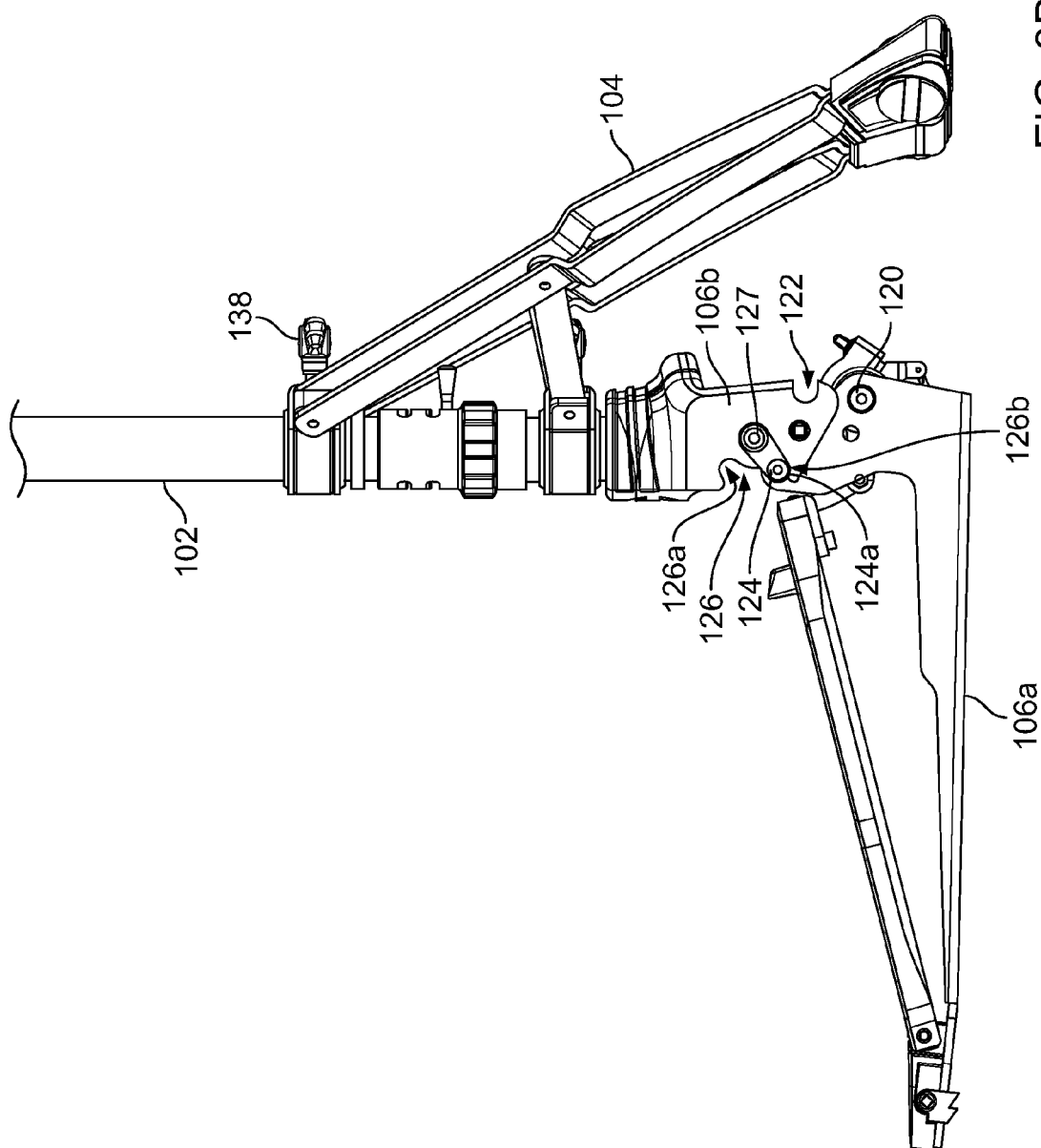


FIG. 3B

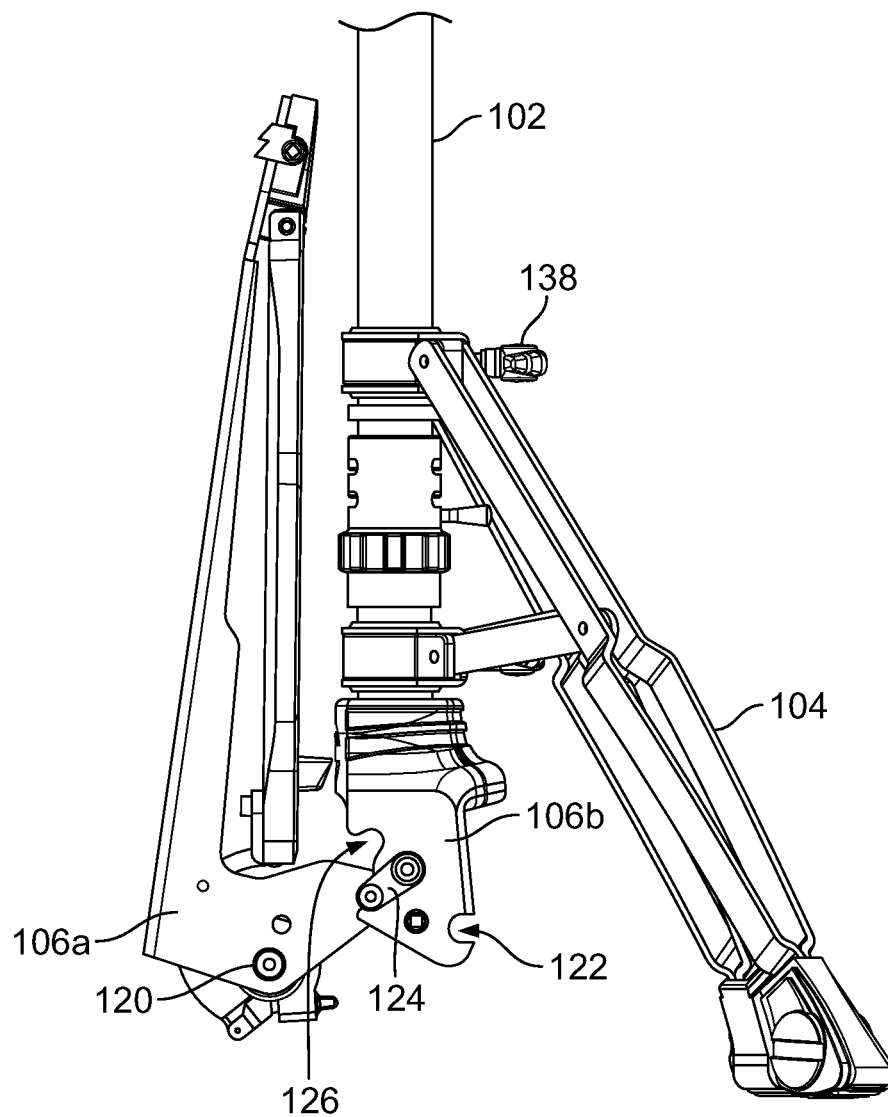


FIG. 3C

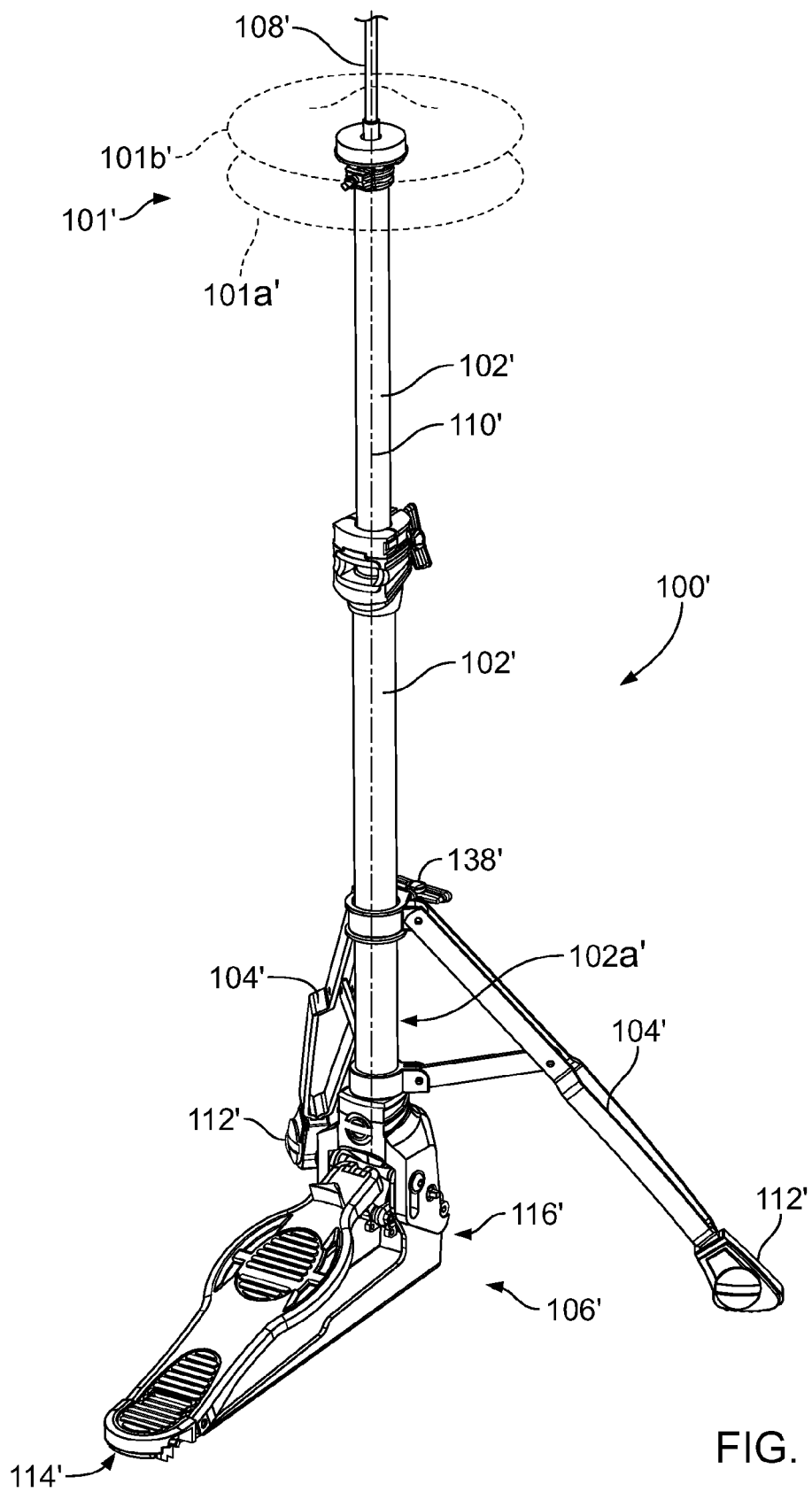


FIG. 4

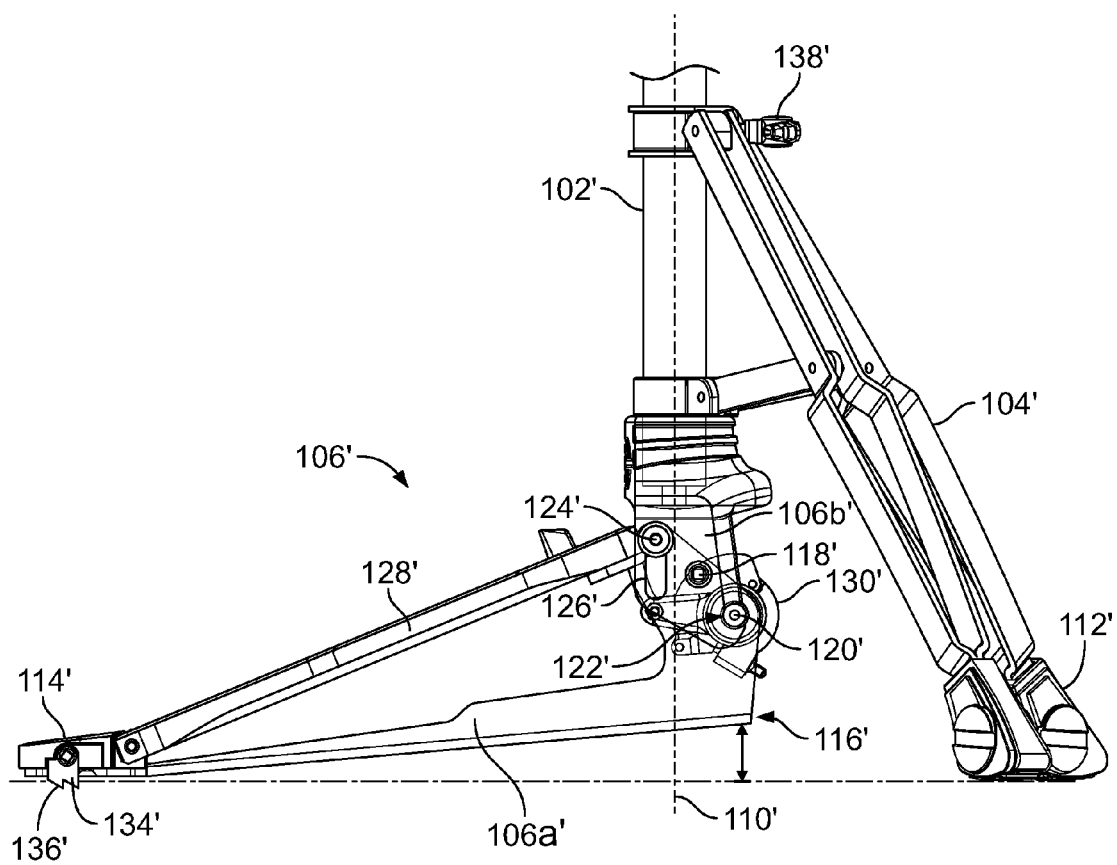


FIG. 5

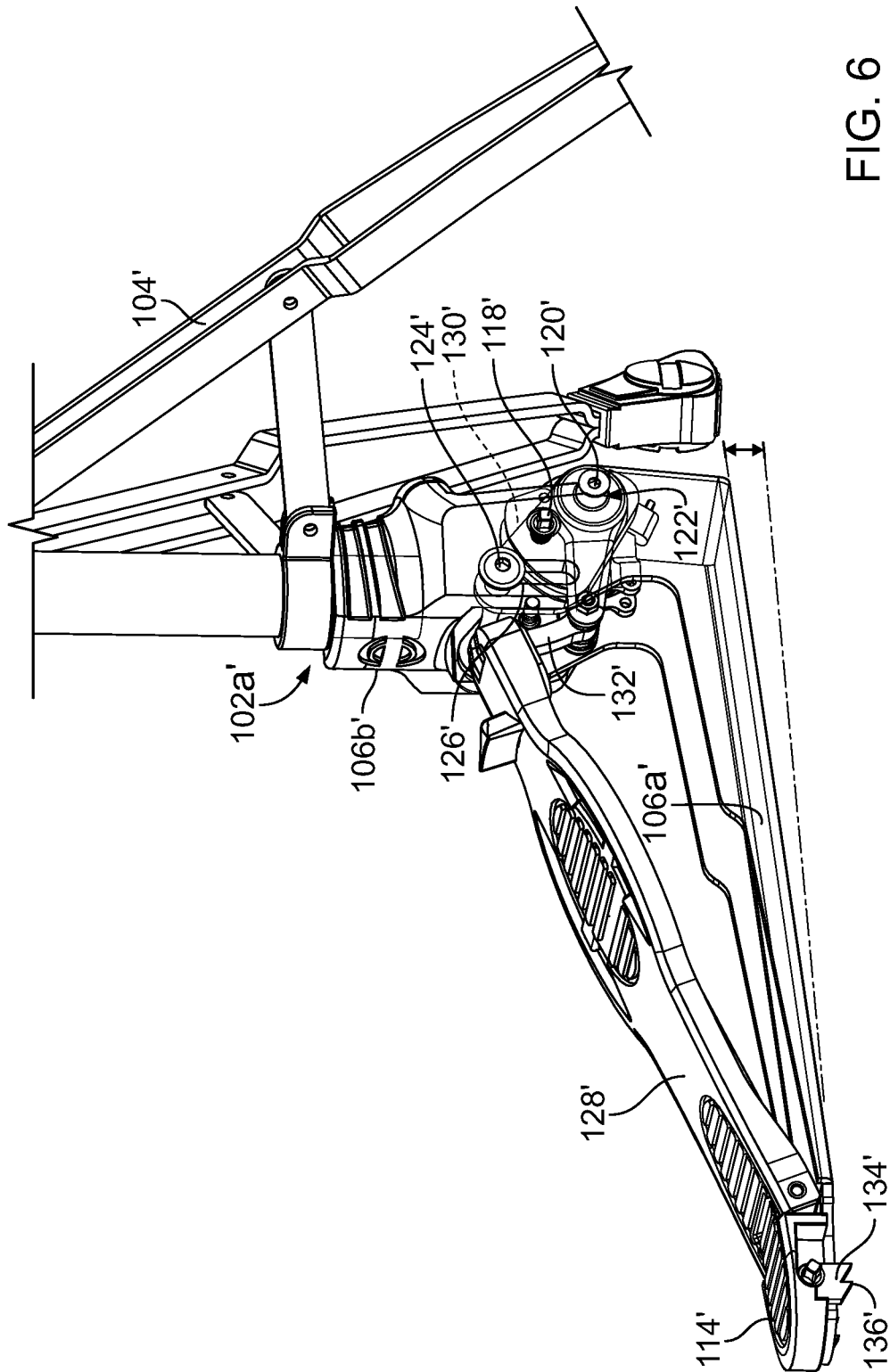


FIG. 6

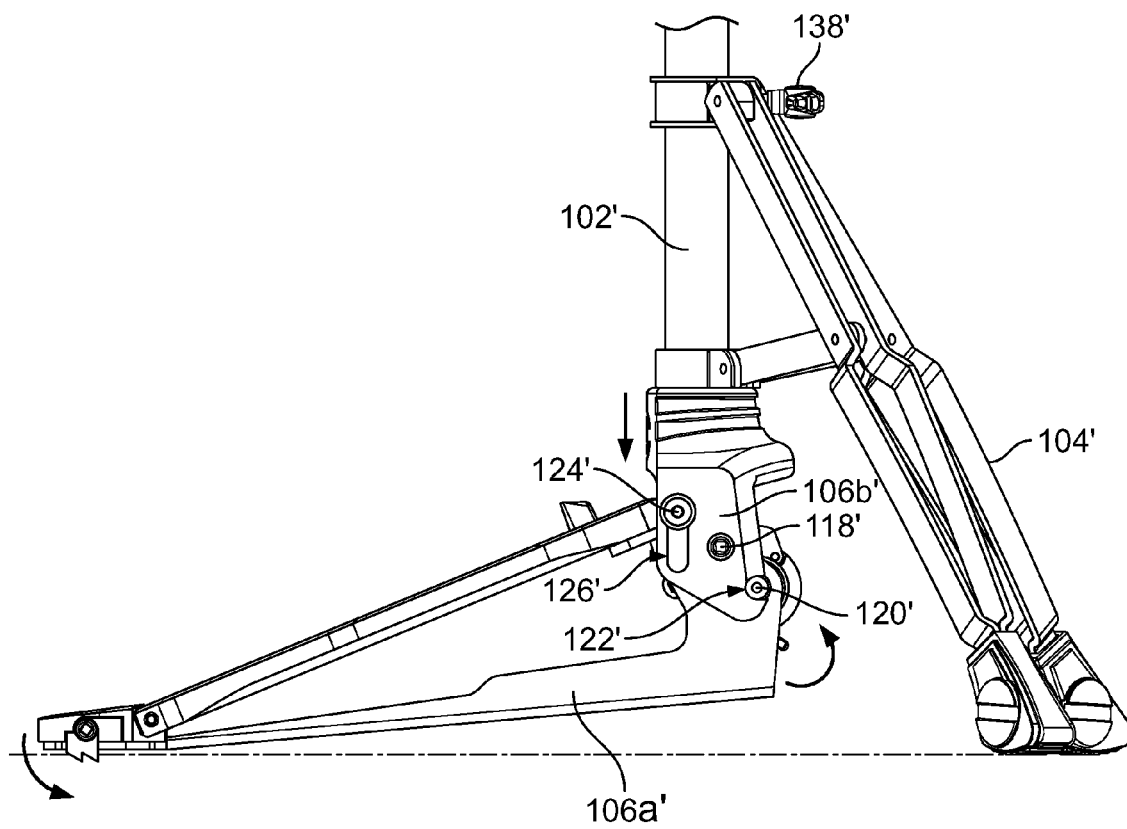


FIG. 7A

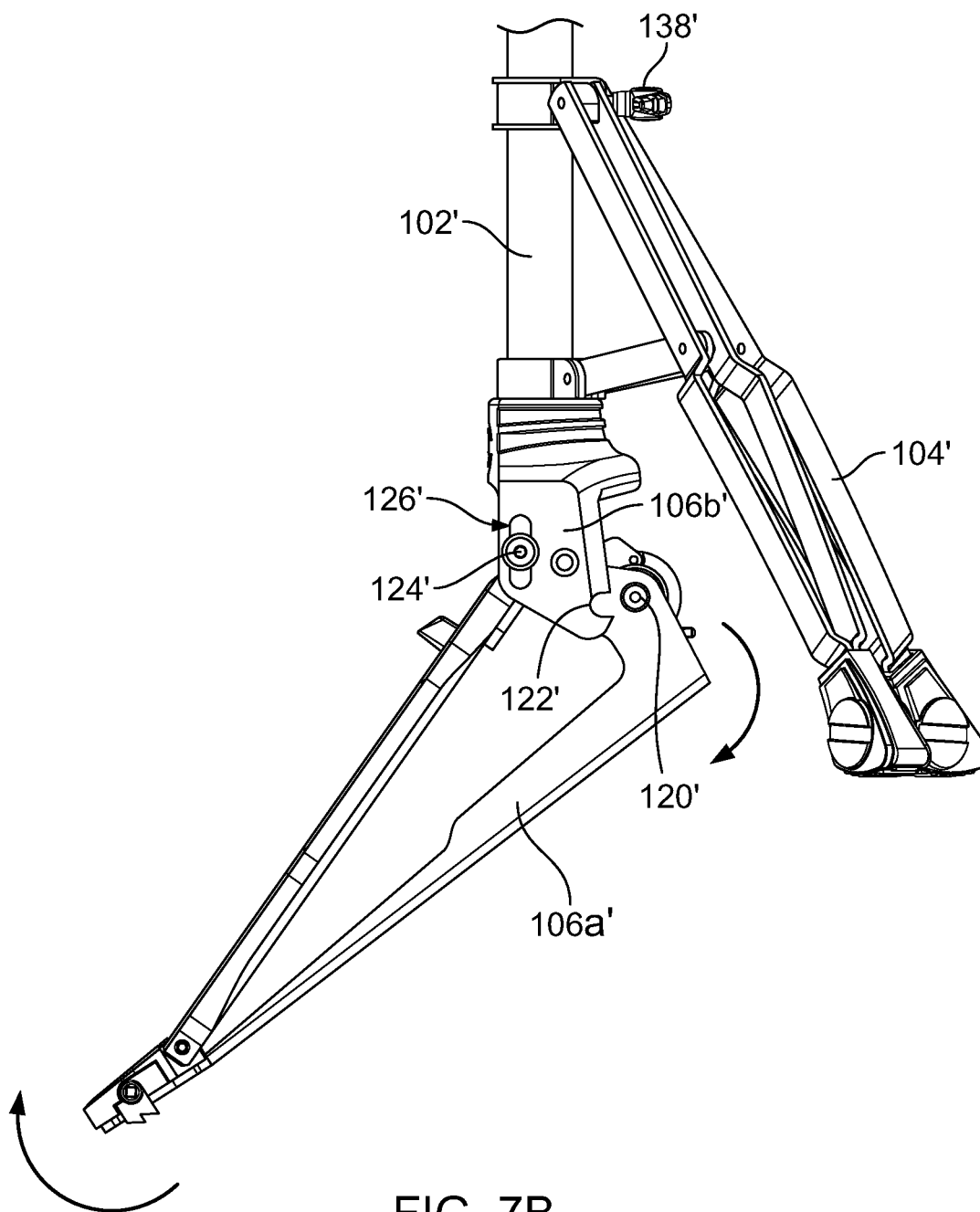


FIG. 7B

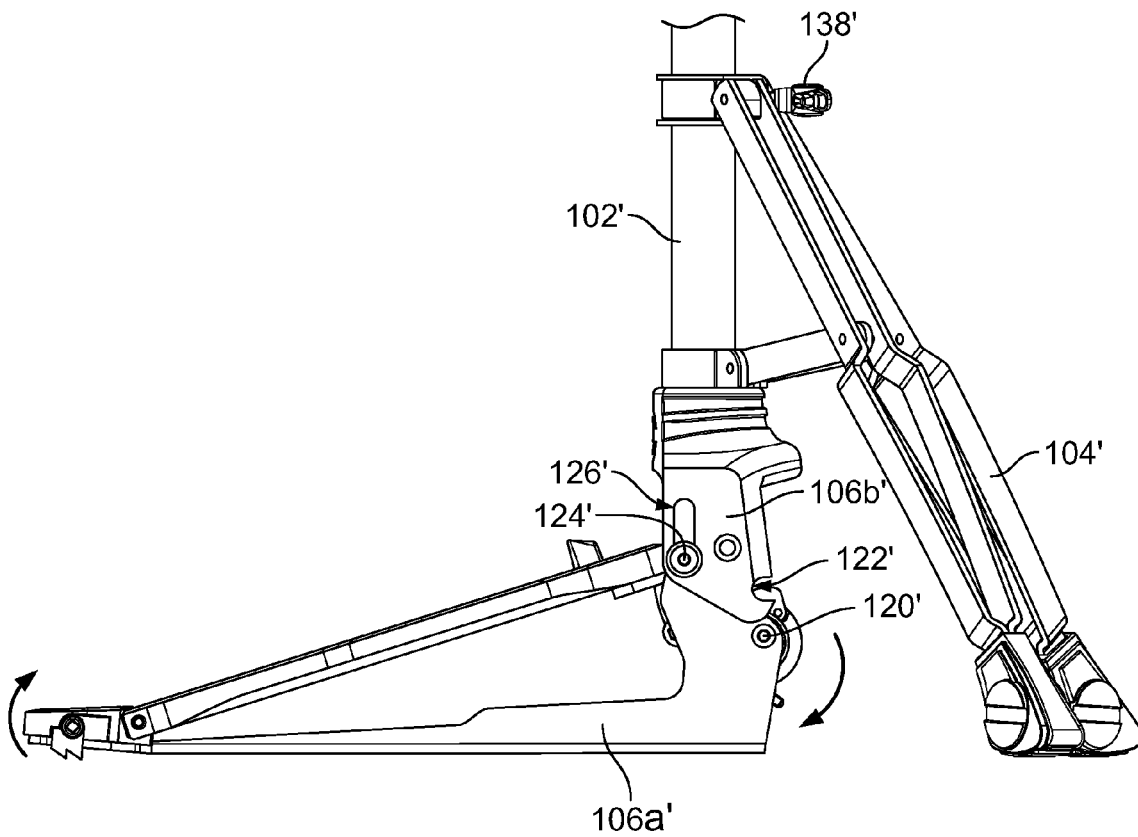


FIG. 7C

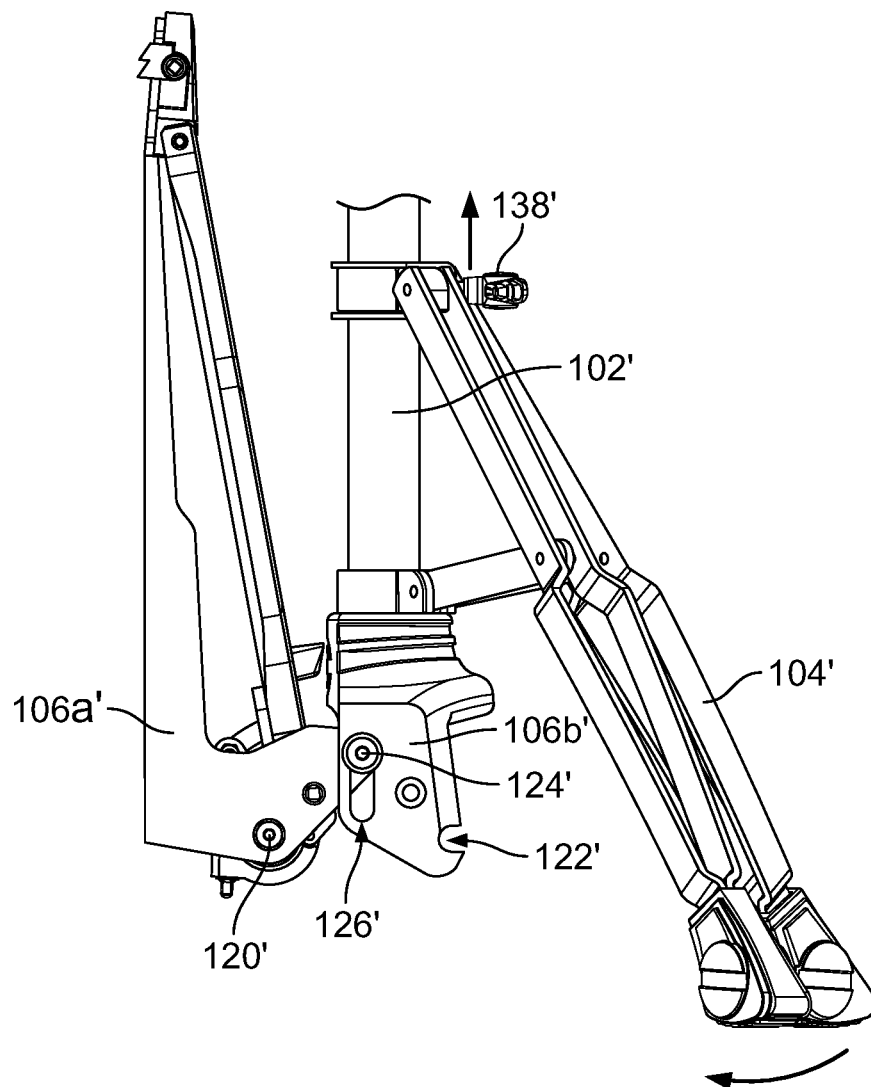


FIG. 7D

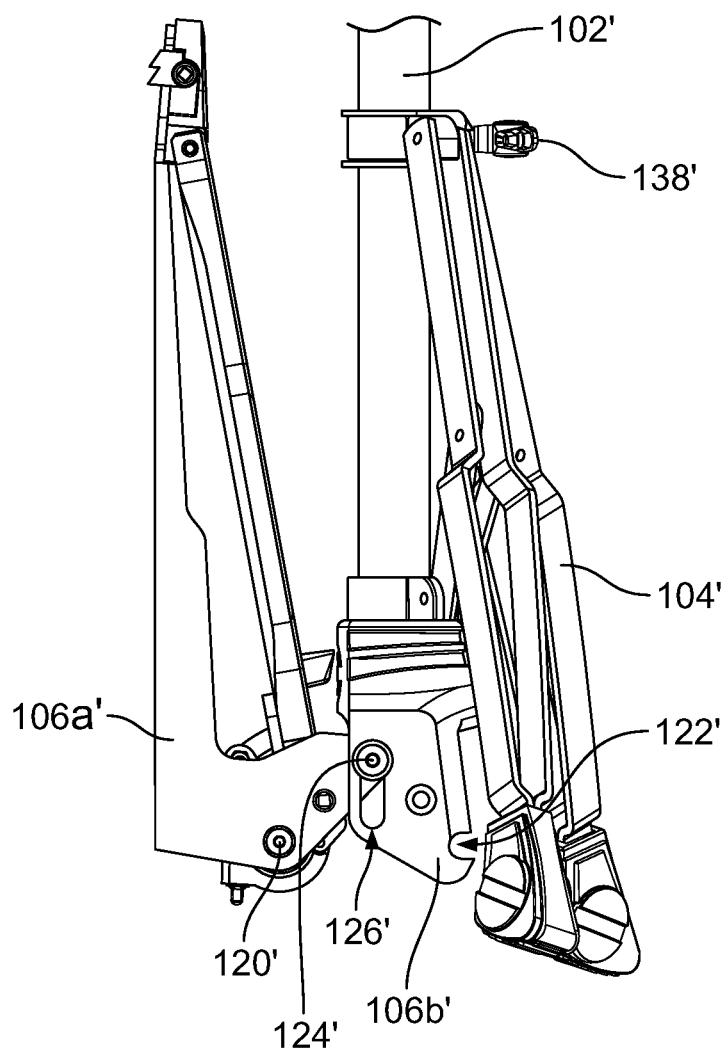


FIG. 7E

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MUSICAL PERCUSSION SUPPORT STANDS HAVING THREE SUPPORTING CONTACT POINTS AND RELATED SYSTEMS AND METHODS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a U.S. National Phase Application of International Patent Application No. PCT/US2012/066758 filed Nov. 28, 2012, which claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/564,897, filed Nov. 30, 2011, and U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/727,153, filed Nov. 16, 2012, the contents of all of which are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

This disclosure relates to musical percussion support stands having three supporting contact points and to related systems and methods.

BACKGROUND

Certain musical cymbal arrangements (e.g., hi-hat cymbals) include two, cooperating cymbals (e.g., an upper cymbal and a lower cymbal) that, using a mechanical foot pedal, are brought together to produce sound. The mechanical foot pedal is typically mechanically connected to at least one of the cooperating cymbals (e.g., the upper cymbal) and is operated by depressing (e.g., stepping on) the foot pedal to move the upper cymbal towards the lower cymbal. To support such musical cymbal arrangements, cymbal support stands typically have multiple (e.g., three or more) supporting members.

SUMMARY

In some aspects of the disclosure, a hi-hat musical cymbal set support stand includes a vertical stand tube defining a stand axis, and three support members associated with a lower end of the stand tube and disposed in a tripod arrangement for supporting engagement of the stand upon a supporting surface. Each supporting member defines a contact point with the supporting surface and the three supporting members support the lower end of the stand tube in a position spaced apart from the supporting floor surface. At least one of the three supporting members includes a foot pedal cymbal operating device having an outward heel end defining one of the three contact points and an inward toe end suspended from the lower end of the stand tube, the heel end being disposed in engagement with the supporting surface, and the toe end being spaced from contact with the supporting surface.

Implementations can include one or more of the following features.

In some implementations, two of the supporting members are leg members, the leg members being collapsible between a first, support position and a second, stored position, lying closely adjacent to the stand tube.

The support stand can include a cleat associated with the heel end that defines a gripping surface extending downward from the heel end for engagement upon the supporting surface, the cleat being rotatable between a first, deployed position, with the gripping surface in engagement with supporting surface, and a second, stowed position where the cleat is removed from engagement upon the supporting surface.

In some implementations, the foot pedal cymbal operating device is pivotable in a plane transverse to the supporting

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floor surface between a first, extended, stand support position and a second, compact position, lying closely adjacent to the stand tube.

In some implementations, the foot pedal cymbal operating device includes a securement element operable to secure the foot pedal cymbal operating device in the first, extended stand support position.

In some implementations, the three contact points define a stand contact plane, and the heel end contact point is spaced from the stand axis by a distance that is at least 9 inches (22.9 cm) along the stand contact plane.

Implementations can have one or more of the following advantages.

The musical cymbal support stands described herein can support musical cymbal arrangements (e.g., hi-hat musical cymbals) in a stable manner, e.g., as compared to certain conventional hi-hat cymbal support stands. Increased stability is achieved by providing three points of contact along a supporting floor surface, with only a heel portion of the pedal operating device contacting the floor surface.

The details of one or more implementations are set forth in the accompanying drawings and the description below. Other aspects, features, and advantages will be apparent from the description and drawings, and from the claims.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a hi-hat musical cymbal set support stand of the disclosure.

FIG. 2 is a perspective view of the lower portion of FIG. 1 showing components of the foot pedal cymbal operating device.

FIGS. 3A-3C are sequential side views showing the lower portion of FIGS. 1-2 collapsing to a compact unit.

FIG. 4 is a perspective view of another hi-hat musical cymbal set support stand of the disclosure.

FIG. 5 is a side view of a lower portion of the musical cymbal set support stand of FIG. 4 shown with a foot pedal cymbal operating device shown semi-transparent.

FIG. 6 is a perspective view of the lower portion of FIG. 5 with components of the foot pedal cymbal operating device shown semi-transparent.

FIGS. 7A through 7E are sequential side views showing the lower portion of FIGS. 4-6 collapsing to a compact unit.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Referring to FIG. 1, a musical cymbal support stand **100** of the disclosure (e.g., a hi-hat cymbal stand) using three points of contact (i.e., two supporting leg members and a heel end of a cymbal operating foot pedal) provides increased stability to the support stand. The hi-hat musical cymbal set support stand **100** for supporting a hi-hat musical cymbal set **101** includes a vertical stand tube **102** and three collapsible support members associated with a lower end **102a** of the stand tube **102** and disposed in a tripod arrangement for supporting engagement of the stand **100** upon a supporting surface. As shown, the three support members include two leg members **104** and a foot pedal cymbal operating device **106**. Each support member defines a contact point with the supporting surface. As discussed below, the three contact points are typically defined by end regions of the legs **104** and a heel region of the foot pedal cymbal operating device **106**.

The stand tube **102** is a generally round, hollow tube having a length of about 19 inches (48.3 cm) to about 34 inches (86.4 cm) (e.g., adjustable between 20 inches and 32 inches (50.8 cm and 81.3 cm)) and an outer diameter of about 0.875 inch

(22.2 mm) to about 1.375 inches (34.9 mm) (e.g., 1.25 inches (31.8 mm)). The stand tube **102** has an inner diameter sized for passage of a vertical rod **108** that is used for mounting and moving (i.e., lifting and dropping by operation of the foot pedal **106**) of an upper cymbal **101b** of the hi-hat cymbal set **101** during a performance. In some implementations, the inner diameter is about 1 inch (25.4 mm) to about 1.25 inches (31.8 mm) (e.g., 1.125 inches (28.6 mm)). The stand tube defines a generally vertical stand axis **110** along which the vertical rod **108** moves during use.

The three support members (e.g., the two leg members **104** and the outer (heel) end only of the foot pedal cymbal operating device **106**) support the lower end **102a** of the stand tube **102** so that the lower end **102a** is spaced apart from the supporting floor surface.

The leg members (e.g., legs **104**) are about 14 inches (35.6 cm) to about 18 inches (45.7 cm) (e.g., 16.5 inches (41.9 cm)) in length and are collapsible from a first, support position to a second, stored position, lying closely adjacent to the stand tube **102**. In the first, support position, the legs **104** extend outwardly away from the stand tube **102** for supporting the support stand **100**. When deployed in a tripod configuration, they create a support foot print having a diameter of about 20 inches (50.8 cm) to about 28 inches (71.1 cm) (e.g., 24 inches (61.0 cm)) about the vertical axis **110**.

Foot elements **112**, e.g., made of soft rubber or plastic, are disposed near the end of each leg **104** to support the musical instrument support stand **100** upon a supporting floor surface in a non-skid manner.

The foot pedal cymbal operating device **106** has an outward heel end **114** defining one of the three contact points and an inward toe end **116** suspended from the lower end **102a** of the stand tube. Referring to FIGS. 2 and 3, during use, only the heel end **114** is disposed in engagement with the supporting floor surface, while the toe end **116** is spaced from contact with the supporting floor surface. In some implementations, the toe end **116** has a spacing (i.e., height) of about 0.5 inch (12.7 mm) to about 1.5 inches (38.1 mm) from the supporting floor surface. The heel end **114** has a spacing from the stand axis **110** that is about 12 inches (30.5 cm) to about 16 inches (40.6 cm) (e.g., 14 inches (35.6 cm)).

As discussed in more detail below, for transportation and/or storage, the foot pedal cymbal operating device **106** is pivotable in a plane transverse to the supporting floor surface between a first, extended, stand support position (shown in FIGS. 1 and 2) and a second, compact position, lying closely adjacent to the stand tube **102** (shown in FIG. 3C).

By arranging the foot pedal cymbal operating device **106** so that only the heel end **114** is disposed for contact with the supporting floor surface, a tripod-like arrangement is created to support the stand tube **102**. As a result, the stand **100** can be relatively more stable during use, including when a user depresses the foot pedal.

Referring to FIG. 2, the foot pedal cymbal operating device **106** includes a moving pedal **128** operated to turn a rotor **130** that is pivotally fixed about a post **120** to a moving portion **106a** of the foot pedal cymbal operating device **106**. The moving pedal **128** is connected to the rotor **130** by a lever **132** so that when the moving pedal **128** is depressed (e.g., stepped on by a user), the rotor **130** rotates about the post **120**. The rotor **130** is connected (e.g., by a chain or a strap) to the vertically moving rod **108** so that as the rotor **130** rotates, the vertically moving rod **108** moves the upper cymbal **101b** to contact the lower cymbal **101a** and generate sound.

Referring to FIGS. 3A-3C, the legs **104** and the foot pedal cymbal operating device **106** are collapsible between extended support positions, where they form the supporting

tripod arrangement, to compact stored positions to form a compact unit, e.g., for storage and/or transportation. The foot pedal cymbal operating device **106** includes one or more securement elements (e.g., fasteners) **118** that secure the foot pedal operating device **106** in a first, extended, stand support position by securing the moving portion **106a** to a stationary portion **106b**.

To collapse the foot pedal operating device **106** from the first, operating position to the second, compact position, the securement element **118** is removed (or displaced) and the moving portion **106a** is first moved downwardly away from the stand tube **102** to dislodge an alignment post **120** of the moving portion **106a** from a recess **122** of the stationary portion **106b**. As the post **120** is dislodged from the recess **122**, the entire moving portion **106a** is moved downwardly while a pin **124** which is part of lever **124** of the moving portion **106a** rides in a corresponding notch **126** of the stationary portion **106b**. Lever **124** rotates around pivot point **127** so that pin **124a** moves from an initial position at **126a** to a final position at **126b**. The moving portion **106a**, along with the attached moving pedal **128** and rotor **130**, are then pivoted away from the stand tube **102** in order to provide clearance for the post **120** from the stationary portion **106b** (referring to FIGS. 3A-3C).

Once the moving portion **106a** is translated downward so that the post can sufficiently clear the stationary portion **106b**, the moving portion **106a** can be pivoted upwardly towards stand tube **102** to lie closely adjacent to the stand tube **102** in the second, compact position (referring to FIG. 3C).

To collapse the legs **104**, a leg clamp **138** is released so that the legs **104** can pivot with respect to stand tube **102**. The unsecured legs **104** can pivot towards the stand tube **102** as the leg clamp **138** moves upward along the stand tube **102**. Once the legs **104** are positioned closely to the stand tube **102**, the leg clamp **138** can be re-tightened to secure the legs **104** in the second, stored position to form a compact unit for storage or transport.

In some implementations, the foot pedal cymbal operating device **106** includes a cleat **134** associated with the heel end **114**. The cleat **134** defines a gripping surface **136** that extends downwardly from the heel end **114** for engagement upon the supporting floor surface. The cleat **134** is rotatable between a first, deployed position, with the gripping surface in engagement with supporting surface (shown in FIG. 2), and a second, stowed position where the cleat **134** is removed from engagement upon the supporting floor surface. In some implementations, when in the second, stowed position, the cleat **134** is positioned within cavity of the heel end **114**.

In another embodiment, referring to FIGS. 4-7E, a musical cymbal support stand **100'** of the disclosure using three points of contact (i.e., two supporting leg members and a heel end of a cymbal operating foot pedal) provides increased stability to the support stand. The hi-hat musical cymbal set support stand **100'** for supporting a hi-hat musical cymbal set **101'** includes a vertical stand tube **102'** and three collapsible support members associated with a lower end **102a'** of the stand tube **102'** and disposed in a tripod arrangement for supporting engagement of the stand **100'** upon a supporting surface. As shown, the three support members include two leg members **104'** and a foot pedal cymbal operating device **106'**. Each support member defines a contact point with the supporting surface. Three contact points are typically defined by end regions of the legs **104'** and a heel region of the foot pedal cymbal operating device **106'**.

The stand tube **102'** is a generally round, hollow tube having a length of about 19 inches (48.3 cm) to about 34 inches (86.4 cm) (e.g., adjustable between 20 inches and 32

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inches (50.8 cm and 81.3 cm)) and an outer diameter of about 0.875 inch (22.2 mm) to about 1.375 inches (34.9 mm) (e.g., 1.25 inches (28.6 mm)). The stand tube 102' has an inner diameter sized for passage of a vertical rod 108 that is used for mounting and moving (i.e., lifting and dropping by operation of the foot pedal 106') of an upper cymbal 101b' of the hi-hat cymbal set 101' during a performance. In some implementations, the inner diameter is about 1 inch (25.4 mm) to about 1.25 inches (31.8 mm) (e.g., 1.125 inches (28.6 mm)). The stand tube defines a generally vertical stand axis 110' along which the vertical rod 108' moves during use.

The three support members (e.g., the two leg members 104' and the outer (heel) end only of the foot pedal cymbal operating device 106') support the lower end 102a' of the stand tube 102' so that the lower end 102a' is spaced apart from the supporting floor surface.

The leg members (e.g., legs 104') are about 14 inches (35.6 cm) to about 18 inches (45.7 cm) (e.g., 16.5 inches (41.9 cm)) in length and are collapsible from a first, support position to a second, stored position, lying closely adjacent to the stand tube 102'. In the first, support position, the legs 104' extend outwardly away from the stand tube 102' for supporting the support stand 100'. When deployed in a tripod configuration, they create a support foot print having a diameter of about 20 inches (50.8 cm) to about 28 inches (71.1 cm) (e.g., 24 inches (61 cm)) about the vertical axis 110'.

Foot elements 112', e.g., made of soft rubber or plastic, are disposed near the end of each leg 104' to support the musical instrument support stand 100' upon a supporting floor surface in a non-skid manner.

The foot pedal cymbal operating device 106' has an outward heel end 114' defining one of the three contact points and an inward toe end 116' suspended from the lower end 102a' of the stand tube. Referring to FIGS. 5 and 6, during use, only the heel end 114' is disposed in engagement with the supporting floor surface, while the toe end 116' is spaced from contact with the supporting floor surface. In some implementations, the toe end 116' has a spacing (i.e., height) of about 0.5 inch (12.7 mm) to about 1.5 inches (38.1 mm) from the supporting floor surface. The heel end 114' is spaced from the stand axis 110' by about 12 inches (30.5 cm) to about 16 inches (40.6 cm) (e.g., 14 inches (35.6 cm)).

For transportation and/or storage, the foot pedal cymbal operating device 106' is pivotable in a plane transverse to the supporting floor surface between a first, extended, stand support position (shown in FIGS. 4-6) and a second, compact position, lying closely adjacent to the stand tube 102' (shown in FIG. 7E).

By arranging the foot pedal cymbal operating device 106' so that only the heel end 114' is disposed for contact with the supporting floor surface, a tripod-like arrangement is created to support the stand tube 102'. As a result, the stand 100' can be relatively more stable during use, including when a user depresses the foot pedal.

Referring to FIGS. 5 and 6, the foot pedal cymbal operating device 106' includes a moving pedal 128' operated to turn a rotor 130' that is pivotally fixed about a post 120' to a moving portion 106a' of the foot pedal cymbal operating device 106'. The moving pedal 128' is connected to the rotor 130' by a lever 132' so that when the moving pedal 128' is depressed (e.g., stepped on by a user), the rotor 130' rotates about the post 120'. The rotor 130' is connected (e.g., by a chain or a strap) to the vertically moving rod 108' so that as the rotor 130' rotates, the vertically moving rod 108' moves the upper cymbal 101b' to contact the lower cymbal 101a' and generate sound.

Referring to FIGS. 7A-7E, the legs 104' and the foot pedal cymbal operating device 106' are collapsible between

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extended support positions, where they form the supporting tripod arrangement, to compact stored positions to form a compact unit, e.g., for storage and/or transportation. The foot pedal cymbal operating device 106' includes one or more securement elements (e.g., fasteners) 118' that secure the foot pedal operating device 106' in a first, extended, stand support position by securing the moving portion 106a' to a stationary portion 106b'.

To collapse the foot pedal operating device 106' from the first, operating position to the second, compact position, the securement element 118' is removed (or displaced) and the moving portion 106a' is first moved downwardly away from the stand tube 102' to dislodge an alignment post 120' of the moving portion 106a' from a recess 122' of the stationary portion 106b'. As the post 120' is dislodged from the recess 122', the entire moving portion 106a' is moved downwardly while a pin 124' of the moving portion 106a' rides in a corresponding slot 126' of the stationary portion 106b'. The moving portion 106a', along with the attached moving pedal 128' and rotor 130', are then pivoted away from the stand tube 102' in order to provide clearance for the post 120' from the stationary portion 106b' (referring to FIGS. 7A-7C).

Once the moving portion 106a' is translated downward so that the post can sufficiently clear the stationary portion 106b', the moving portion 106a' can be pivoted upwardly towards stand tube 102' to lie closely adjacent to the stand tube 102' in the second, compact position (referring to FIGS. 7B-7D).

To collapse the legs 104', a leg clamp 138' is released so that the legs 104' can pivot with respect to stand tube 102'. Referring to FIGS. 7D-7E, the unsecured legs 104' can pivot towards the stand tube 102' as the leg clamp 138' moves upward along the stand tube 102'. Once the legs 104' are positioned closely to the stand tube 102', the leg clamp 138' can be re-tightened to secure the legs 104' in the second, stored position to form a compact unit for storage or transport.

In some implementations, the foot pedal cymbal operating device 106' includes a cleat 134' associated with the heel end 114'. The cleat 134' defines a gripping surface 136' that extends downwardly from the heel end 114' for engagement upon the supporting floor surface. The cleat 134' is rotatable between a first, deployed position, with the gripping surface in engagement with supporting surface (shown in FIG. 5), and a second, stowed position where the cleat 134' is removed from engagement upon the supporting floor surface. In some implementations, when in the second, stowed position, the cleat 134' is positioned within cavity of the heel end 114'.

A number of implementations have been described. For example, the stand tube 102', the legs 104', and the foot pedal cymbal operating device 106' can each be made of any of various suitable materials, e.g., plastic, composite, or metal. Also, the securement element 118' can include any suitable arrangement for securing the moving portion 106a' relative to the stationary portion 106b, e.g., the securement element 118' may be a threaded fastener.

It will be understood further that various modifications may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the disclosure. Accordingly, other implementations are within the scope of the following claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A hi-hat musical cymbal set support stand, the stand comprising:

a vertical stand tube defining a stand axis, and
three support members associated with a lower end of the stand tube and disposed in a tripod arrangement for supporting engagement of the stand upon a supporting surface,

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each supporting member defining a contact point with the supporting surface,
the three supporting members supporting the lower end of the stand tube in a position spaced apart from the supporting floor surface, and

at least one of the three supporting members comprising a foot pedal cymbal operating device having an outward heel end defining one of the three contact points and an inward toe end suspended from the lower end of the stand tube, the heel end being disposed in engagement with the supporting surface, and the toe end being spaced from contact with the supporting surface.

2. The stand according to claim 1, wherein two of the supporting members are leg members, the leg members being collapsible from a first, support position and a second, stored position, lying closely adjacent to the stand tube.

3. The stand according to claim 1, further comprising a cleat associated with the heel end and defining a gripping surface extending downward from the heel end for engagement upon the supporting surface, the cleat being rotatable between a first, deployed position, with the gripping surface in engagement with supporting surface, and a second, stowed position where the cleat is removed from engagement upon the supporting surface.

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4. The stand according to claim 1, wherein the foot pedal cymbal operating device is pivotable in a plane transverse to the supporting floor surface between a first, extended, stand support position and a second, compact position, lying closely adjacent to the stand tube.

5. The stand according to claim 4, wherein the foot pedal cymbal operating device comprises a securement element operable to secure the foot pedal cymbal operating device in the first, extended stand support position.

6. The stand according to claim 1, wherein the three contact points define a stand contact plane, and the heel end contact point is spaced from the stand axis by a predetermined distance.

7. The stand according to claim 6, wherein the predetermined distance of the heel end contact point from the stand axis is at least 9 inches (22.9 cm).

8. The stand according to claim 1, wherein the foot pedal cymbal operating device, inward of the outward heel end, to and including the inward toe end, being spaced from direct supporting contact of the supporting surface.

* * * * *